1. Create a data frame in which you have five columns and 6 rows.
2. Pick out the item from the third row and the third column.
3. Select the third row and display the columns one to four
4. Select the first column alone
5. Display all the columns except 4
6. You have the results of a simple experiment to look at the visitation of various bee species to different plants. The number of bees observed was as follows:

* Buff tail-10 1 37 5 12
* Garden bee- 8 3 19 6 4
* Red tail - 18 9 1 2 4
* Honey bee- 12 13 16 9 10
* Carder bee- 8 27 6 32 23

Make five simple numeric vectors of these data. Now join the bee vectors together to make a data frame. Each row of resulting data frame relates to a specific plant so you could assign names to the rows

The plant names are Thistle, Vipers bugloss, Golden rain, Yellow alfalfa and Blackberry. Use these names to create row labels for the data.

1. There are two data sets, data1 and data2. data1 has 1 2 3 4 5 stored in it. And data2 has 6 7 8 9 stored in it.
2. Place the data of data2 after the data of data1.
3. Combine the data of data1 and data2 in a manner that the resultant dataset has enteries in the following manner

( 6 7 1 2 3 4 5 8 9)

1. Create a dataset by taking text values from the user
2. Replace the value ‘4’ with 10
3. Show the list of already existing data objects.